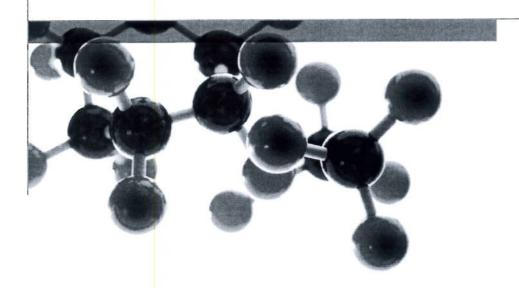
Exova Warringtonfire Holmesfield Road Warrington WA1 2DS United Kingdom T : +44 (0 1925 655116 F : +44 (0) 1925 655419 E : warrington@exova.com W: www.exova.com



BS 476: Part 7: 1997



Method For Classification Of The Surface Spread Of Flame Of Products

A Report To: Sherwin-Williams Italy S.r.I.

Document Reference: 362973

Date: 29th March 2016

Issue No.: 1

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Testing Advising Assuring





### **Executive Summary**

Objective

To determine the surface spread of flame classification of the following product when tested in accordance with BS 476: Part 7: 1997.

Generic Description	Product reference	Thickness / application rate	Weight per unit area / density / specific gravity	
system applied to a medium density fibre board (MDF) substrate	No specific product reference	10.47mm *	8.21kg/m² *	
Individual components us	sed to manufacture composite:			
Final coating product (test face)		150g/m <sup>2</sup>	1.15kg/l	
First coating product	236_9010/5 basecoat hardened 50% with 816_23 W/W"	2 x 150g/m <sup>2</sup>	1.22kg/l	
MDF	Unable to provide	10mm	Unable to provide	
*Determined by Exova Wa				
Please see pages 5 & 6 of	this test report for the full descrip	tion of the product	tested	

**Test Sponsor** 

Sherwin-Williams Italy S.r.I., Via del Fiffo 12, 40065 Pianoro (BO), Italy.

Test Results:

Class 1

Date of Test

24th March 2016

### **Signatories**

Responsible Officer C. Meachin \*

Technical Officer

Authorised S. Deeming \*

**Business Unit Head** 

\* For and on behalf of Exova Warringtonfire.

C. Men.

Report Issued: 29th March 2016

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### **Test Details**

### Purpose of test

To determine the performance of a product when it is subjected to the conditions of the test specified in BS 476: Part 7: 1997, "Fire tests on building materials and structures, method for classification of the surface spread of flame of products". This test was therefore performed in accordance with the procedure specified in BS 476: Part 7: 1997 and this report should be read in conjunction with that British Standard.

### Scope of test

BS 476: Part 7: 1997 specifies a method of test for measuring the lateral spread of flame along the surface of a specimen of a product orientated in the vertical position, and a classification system based on the rate and extent of flame spread. It provides data suitable for comparing the performances of essentially flat materials, composites, or assemblies, which are used primarily as the exposed surfaces of walls or ceilings.

### Fire test study group/EGOLF

Certain aspects of some fire test specifications are open to different interpretations. The Fire Test Study Group and EGOLF have identified a number of such areas and have agreed Resolutions which define common agreement of interpretations between fire test laboratories which are members of the Groups. Where such Resolutions are applicable to this test they have been followed.

### Instruction to test

The test was conducted on the 24th March 2016 at the request of Sherwin-Williams Italy S.r.I., the sponsor of the test.

### Provision of test specimens

The specimens were supplied by the sponsor of the test. Exova Warringtonfire was not involved in any selection or sampling procedure.

#### Conditioning specimens

of The specimens were received on the 15<sup>th</sup> March 2016 and were conditioned to constant mass at a temperature of 23 ± 2°C and a relative humidity of 50 ± 5% prior to testing.

### Form in which the specimens were tested

Composite - Combination of materials which are generally recognised in building constructions as discrete entities e.g. coated or laminated materials. Each specimen was tested in direct contact with a nominally 12mm thick noncombustible backing board.

#### Exposed face

The coated face of the specimens was exposed to the heating conditions of the test.

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# **Description of Test Specimens**

The description of the specimens given below has been prepared from information provided by the sponsor of the test. All values quoted are nominal, unless tolerances are given.

General description	on	White PU fire-retardant system applied to a medium density fibre board (MDF) substrate			
Product reference	of composite	No specific product reference			
Product reference of composite  Name of manufacturer of composite		Sherwin Williams Italy			
Thickness of composite		10.47mm (determined by Exova Warringtonfire)			
Weight per unit area of composite		8.21kg/m <sup>2</sup> (determined by <b>Exova Warringtonfire</b> )			
	Generic type	See Note 1 below			
	Product reference	topcoat catalysed at 50% with Thussand 816_23 "W/W"			
	Name of manufacturer	Sherwin Williams			
	Colour reference	"White"			
Final coating	Number of coats	One			
product	Application rate per coat	150 g/m <sup>2</sup>			
(test face)	Density	1.15 kg/l			
()	Application method	Spray			
	Trade name of flame retardant	See Note 1 below			
	Generic type of flame retardant	TMCP			
	Amount of flame retardant	See Note 1 below			
	Curing process per coat	Room temperature			
	Generic type	Solvent-base			
	Product reference	236_9010/5 basecoat hardened 50% with 816_23			
	Name of manufacturer	Sherwin Williams			
	Colour reference	"White"			
	Number of coats	Two			
First coating	Application rate per coat	150 g/m <sup>2</sup>			
product	Density	1.22 kg/l			
	Application method	Spray			
	Trade name of flame retardant	See Note 1 below			
	Generic type of flame retardant	Chloroparraffines, ammonium polyphosphates			
	Amount of flame retardant	See Note 1 below			
	Curing process per coat	Room temperature			

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	Generic type	MDF	
	Product reference	See Note 2 below	
	Thickness	10 mm	
MDF	Density / weight per unit area	See Note 2 below	
	Name of manufacturer / supplier	See Note 1 below	- 4
	Flame retardant details	See Note 3 below	
rief descriptio	n of manufacturing process	See Note 1 below	

- Note 1: The sponsor was unwilling to provide this information.
- Note 2: The sponsor was unable to provide this information.
- Note 3: The sponsor of the test has confirmed that no flame retardant additives were utilised in the production of the component.

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### **Test Results**

and

Results observations

The test results for the individual specimens, together with observations made during the test and comments on any difficulties encountered during the test are given in Appendix 1.

Classification

In accordance with the class definitions given in BS 476: Part 7: 1997; the specimens tested are classified as Class 1.

Criteria classification

If the prefix 'D' or suffix 'R' or 'Y' is included in the classification, this indicates that the results should be treated with caution. An explanation of the reason for the prefix and suffixes is given in Appendix 2, together with the classification limits specified in the Standard.

Applicability test result

The test results relate only to the behaviour of the test specimens of the product under the particular conditions of test; they are not intended to be the sole criterion for assessing the potential fire hazard of the product in use.

The test results relate only to the specimens of the product in the form in which they were tested. Small differences in the composition or thickness of the product may significantly affect the performance during the test and may therefore invalidate the test results. Care should be taken to ensure that any product which is supplied or used is fully represented by the specimens which were tested.

Validity

The specification and interpretation of fire test methods are the subject of ongoing development and refinement. Changes in associated legislation may also occur. For these reasons it is recommended that the relevance of test reports over five years old should be considered by the user. The laboratory that issued the report will be able to offer, on behalf of the legal owner, a review of the procedures adopted for a particular test to ensure that they are consistent with current practices, and if required may endorse the test report.

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## Appendix 1 - Test Results

SPECIMEN No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	
Maximum distance travelled at 1.5 minutes (mm)	75	75	75	75	75	75	
Distance (mm)	Time to travel to indicated distance (minutes : seconds)						
75 165 190 215 240 265 290 375 455 500 525 600 675 710 750 785 825	0:44	0:45	0:58	0:49	0:49	0:52	
Time to reach maximum distance travelled	0:44	0:45	0:58	0:49	0:49	0:52	
Maximum distance travelled in 10 minutes (mm)	75	75	75	75	75	75	

Note: Six specimens are usually tested. If the test on any specimen is deemed to be invalid, as defined in the Standard, it is permissible for up to a maximum of nine specimens to be tested in order to obtain the six valid test results.

Observations made during test and comments on any difficulties encountered during the test:

None.

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# Appendix 2 - Classification criteria

Classification spread of flame	of		Spread of Flame at 1.5 min		Final Spread of Flame	
		Classification	Limit (mm)	Limit for one specimen (mm)	Limit (mm)	Limit for one specimen (mm)
		Class 1 Class 2 Class 3	165 215 265	165 + 25 215 + 25 265 + 25	165 455 710	165 + 25 455 + 45 710 + 75
		Class 4	Exceeding the	limits for class 3		

Explanation of prefix and suffixes which may be added to the classification

- A suffix R is added to the classification if more than six specimens are required in order to obtain six valid test results (e.g. class 2R).
- 2. A prefix D is added to the classification of any product which does not comply with the surface characteristics specified in the Standard and has therefore been tested in a modified form (e.g. class D3).
- A suffix Y is added to the classification if any softening and/or other behaviour that may affect the flame spread occurs (e.g. class 3Y).

For example, a classification of D3RY could be achieved indicating (a) a modified surface has been used; (b) a class 3 result has been obtained; (c) additional specimens have been used to obtain 6 valid results and; (d) softening and/or other behaviour has occurred which is considered to have affected the test result.

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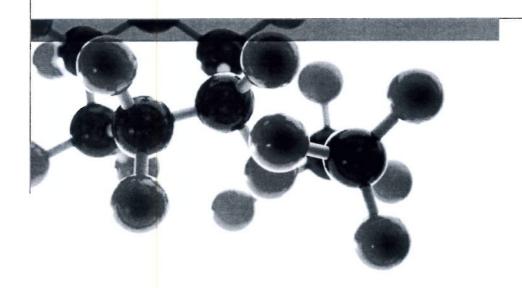
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BS 476: Part 7: 1997



Method For Classification Of The Surface Spread Of Flame Of Products

A Report To: Sherwin-Williams Italy S.r.I.

Document Reference: 362973

Date: 29th March 2016

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### **Executive Summary**

Objective

To determine the surface spread of flame classification of the following product when tested in accordance with BS 476: Part 7: 1997.

Generic Description	Product reference	Thickness / application rate	Weight per unit area / density specific gravity	
White PU fire-retardant system applied to a medium density fibre board (MDF) substrate	No specific product reference	10.47mm *	8.21kg/m <sup>2</sup> *	
Individual components us	sed to manufacture composite:			
Final coating product (test face)	TH0601_900X topcoat catalysed at 50% with -TV0632 W/W"	150g/m²	1.15kg/l	
First coating product	TF0910_9010 basecoat hardened 50% with TV0632 W/W"	2 x 150g/m <sup>2</sup>	1.22kg/l	
MDF	Unable to provide	10mm	Unable to provide	
*Determined by Exova Wa				
	this test report for the full descrip	tion of the product	tested	

**Test Sponsor** 

Sherwin-Williams Italy S.r.I., Via del Fiffo 12, 40065 Pianoro (BO), Italy.

**Test Results:** 

Class 1

Date of Test

24th March 2016

### **Signatories**

Responsible Officer C. Meachin \*

Technical Officer

Authorised S. Deeming \* **Business Unit Head** 

\* For and on behalf of Exova Warringtonfire.

C Men.

Report Issued: 29th March 2016

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### **Test Details**

#### Purpose of test

To determine the performance of a product when it is subjected to the conditions of the test specified in BS 476: Part 7: 1997, "Fire tests on building materials and structures, method for classification of the surface spread of flame of products". This test was therefore performed in accordance with the procedure specified in BS 476: Part 7: 1997 and this report should be read in conjunction with that British Standard.

#### Scope of test

BS 476: Part 7: 1997 specifies a method of test for measuring the lateral spread of flame along the surface of a specimen of a product orientated in the vertical position, and a classification system based on the rate and extent of flame spread. It provides data suitable for comparing the performances of essentially flat materials, composites, or assemblies, which are used primarily as the exposed surfaces of walls or ceilings.

### Fire test study group/EGOLF

Certain aspects of some fire test specifications are open to different interpretations. The Fire Test Study Group and EGOLF have identified a number of such areas and have agreed Resolutions which define common agreement of interpretations between fire test laboratories which are members of the Groups. Where such Resolutions are applicable to this test they have been followed.

#### Instruction to test

The test was conducted on the 24th March 2016 at the request of Sherwin-Williams Italy S.r.I., the sponsor of the test.

# specimens

Provision of test The specimens were supplied by the sponsor of the test. Exova Warringtonfire was not involved in any selection or sampling procedure.

#### Conditioning specimens

of The specimens were received on the 15th March 2016 and were conditioned to constant mass at a temperature of 23 ± 2°C and a relative humidity of 50 ± 5% prior to testing.

### specimens were tested

Form in which the Composite - Combination of materials which are generally recognised in building constructions as discrete entities e.g. coated or laminated materials. Each specimen was tested in direct contact with a nominally 12mm thick noncombustible backing board.

### **Exposed face**

The coated face of the specimens was exposed to the heating conditions of the test.

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# **Description of Test Specimens**

The description of the specimens given below has been prepared from information provided by the sponsor of the test. All values quoted are nominal, unless tolerances are given.

General description	on	White PU fire-retardant system applied to a medium density fibre board (MDF) substrate		
		No specific product reference		
Name of manufacturer of composite		Sherwin Williams Italy		
Thickness of composite		10.47mm (determined by Exova Warringtonfire)		
Weight per unit area of composite		8.21kg/m <sup>2</sup> (determined by <b>Exova Warringtonfire</b> )		
	Generic type	See Note 1 below		
	Product reference	topcoat catalysed at 50% with TV0632 W/W"		
	Name of manufacturer	Sherwin Williams		
	Colour reference	"White"		
Final coating	Number of coats	One		
product	Application rate per coat	150 g/m <sup>2</sup>		
(test face)	Density	1.15 kg/l		
	Application method	Spray		
	Trade name of flame retardant	See Note 1 below		
	Generic type of flame retardant	TMCP		
	Amount of flame retardant	See Note 1 below		
	Curing process per coat	Room temperature		
	Generic type	Solvent-base		
	Product reference	basecoat hardened 50% with TV0632 W/W"		
	Name of manufacturer	Sherwin Williams		
	Colour reference	"White"		
First section	Number of coats	Two		
First coating product	Application rate per coat	150 g/m <sup>2</sup>		
product	Density	1.22 kg/l		
	Application method	Spray		
	Trade name of flame retardant	See Note 1 below		
	Generic type of flame retardant	Chloroparraffines, ammonium polyphosphates		
	Amount of flame retardant	See Note 1 below		
	Curing process per coat	Room temperature		

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	Generic type	MDF
	Product reference	See Note 2 below
	Thickness	10 mm
MDF	Density / weight per unit area	See Note 2 below
	Name of manufacturer / supplier	See Note 1 below
	Flame retardant details	See Note 3 below
Brief descriptio	n of manufacturing process	See Note 1 below

- Note 1: The sponsor was unwilling to provide this information.
- Note 2: The sponsor was unable to provide this information.
- Note 3: The sponsor of the test has confirmed that no flame retardant additives were utilised in the production of the component.

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### **Test Results**

Results observations

and

for

The test results for the individual specimens, together with observations made during the test and comments on any difficulties encountered during the test are given in Appendix 1.

Classification

In accordance with the class definitions given in BS 476: Part 7: 1997; the specimens tested are classified as Class 1.

Criteria classification If the prefix 'D' or suffix 'R' or 'Y' is included in the classification, this indicates that the results should be treated with caution. An explanation of the reason for the prefix and suffixes is given in Appendix 2, together with the classification limits specified in the Standard.

**Applicability** test result

The test results relate only to the behaviour of the test specimens of the product under the particular conditions of test; they are not intended to be the sole criterion for assessing the potential fire hazard of the product in use.

The test results relate only to the specimens of the product in the form in which they were tested. Small differences in the composition or thickness of the product may significantly affect the performance during the test and may therefore invalidate the test results. Care should be taken to ensure that any product which is supplied or used is fully represented by the specimens which were tested.

Validity

The specification and interpretation of fire test methods are the subject of ongoing development and refinement. Changes in associated legislation may also occur. For these reasons it is recommended that the relevance of test reports over five years old should be considered by the user. The laboratory that issued the report will be able to offer, on behalf of the legal owner, a review of the procedures adopted for a particular test to ensure that they are consistent with current practices, and if required may endorse the test report.

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# Appendix 1 - Test Results

SPECIMEN No.	1	2	3	4	5	6
Maximum distance travelled at 1.5 minutes (mm)	75	75	75	75	75	75
Distance (mm)		Time		ndicated dis seconds)	tance	
75 165 190 215 240 265 290 375 455 500 525 600 675 710 750 785 825	0:44	0:45	0:58	0:49	0:49	0:52
Time to reach maximum distance travelled	0:44	0:45	0:58	0:49	0:49	0:52
Maximum distance travelled in 10 minutes (mm)	75	75	75	75	75	75

Note: Six specimens are usually tested. If the test on any specimen is deemed to be invalid, as defined in the Standard, it is permissible for up to a maximum of nine specimens to be tested in order to obtain the six valid test results.

Observations made during test and comments on any difficulties encountered during the test:

None.

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### Appendix 2 – Classification criteria

Classification spread of flame	of		Spread of Flame at 1.5 min		Final Spread of Flame	
		Classification	Limit (mm)	Limit for one specimen (mm)	Limit (mm)	Limit for one specimen (mm)
		Class 1 Class 2 Class 3	165 215 265	165 + 25 215 + 25 265 + 25	165 455 710	165 + 25 455 + 45 710 + 75
		Class 4	Exceeding the	limits for class 3		

**Explanation of prefix** and suffixes which may be added to the classification

- 1. A suffix R is added to the classification if more than six specimens are required in order to obtain six valid test results (e.g. class 2R).
- 2. A prefix D is added to the classification of any product which does not comply with the surface characteristics specified in the Standard and has therefore been tested in a modified form (e.g. class D3).
- 3. A suffix Y is added to the classification if any softening and/or other behaviour that may affect the flame spread occurs (e.g. class 3Y).

For example, a classification of D3RY could be achieved indicating (a) a modified surface has been used; (b) a class 3 result has been obtained; (c) additional specimens have been used to obtain 6 valid results and; (d) softening and/or other behaviour has occurred which is considered to have affected the test result.

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